

Grade 6

**Spirals** 

**Tracking Document** 

**SpiralEd Solutions** 

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	,					
	classify whole numbers, integers, and rational					
	numbers using a visual representation such as a					
	Venn diagram to describe relationships between					
6.2(A)	sets of numbers					
		S2Q2	S2Q3	S52Q3	S63Q3	S81Q3
	identify a number, its opposite, and its absolute					
,	value					
		S1Q1	S9Q2	S43Q1	S68Q1	S81Q1
	locate, compare, and order integers and rational					
6.2(C)	numbers using a number line					
		S1Q3	S2Q1	S25Q2	S74Q2	S81Q2
	order a set of rational numbers arising from					
6.2(D)	mathematical and real-world contexts					
		S3Q2	S4Q2	S4Q3	S7Q2	S13Q2
		S22Q2	S24Q1	S29Q1	S30Q2	S82Q1
		S105Q1	S105Q2	S108Q2		
	extend representations for division to include					
	fraction notation such as $a/b$ represents the same					
6.2(E)	number as $a \div b$ where $b \neq 0$					
		S3Q3	S4Q1	S5Q1	S5Q2	S5Q3
		S36Q3	S79Q3	S82Q2		
	recognize that dividing by a rational number and					
	multiplying by its reciprocal result in equivalent					
6.3(A)	values					
. ,		S8Q1	S8Q2	S12Q2	S70Q2	S83Q3
	determine, with and without computation, whether					
	_					
	a quantity is increased or decreased when multiplied by a fraction, including values greater					



	represent integer operations with concrete models and connect the actions with the models to					
6.3(C)	standardized algorithms					
		S6Q1	S6Q2	S20Q3	S49Q2	S82Q3
6.3(D)	add, subtract, multiply, and divide integers fluently					
	·	S6Q3	S7Q1	S9Q3	S10Q1	S14Q2
		S18Q3	S23Q2	S31Q2	S32Q3	S83Q2
		S107Q1				
6.3(E)	multiply and divide positive rational numbers fluently					
		S7Q3	S13Q3	S19Q1	S20Q2	S22Q3
		S23Q1	S29Q2	S29Q3	S83Q1	
6.4(A)	compare two rules verbally, numerically, graphically, and symbolically in the form of $y = ax$ or $y = x + a$ in order to differentiate between additive and multiplicative relationships					
		S14Q1	S14Q3	S17Q2	S37Q1	S85Q2
6.4(B)	apply qualitative and quantitative reasoning to solve prediction and comparison of real-world problems involving ratios and rates					
\ /		S12Q1	S12Q3	S13Q1	S17Q3	S17Q2
		S25Q1	S27Q2	S28Q3	S30Q1	S32Q2
		S40Q3	S85Q1	S108Q1		



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	give examples of ratios as multiplicative					
	comparisons of two quantities describing the same					
6.4(C)	attribute					
		S10Q2	S10Q3	S15Q1	S76Q1	S84Q
	give examples of rates as the comparison by					
	division of two quantities having different					
6.4(D)	attributes, including rates as quotients					
	-	S11Q1	S11Q2	S11Q3	S66Q3	S84Q
	rongoont ratios and normants with concrete					
C 4(E)	represent ratios and percents with concrete					
6.4(E)	models, fractions, and decimals	00404	00400	00000	07204	0000
		S21Q1	S21Q2	S23Q3	S72Q1	S86Q
	represent benchmark fractions and percents such					
	as 1%, 10%, 25%, 33 1/3%, and multiples of					
	these values using 10 by 10 grids, strip diagrams,					
6.4(F)	number lines, and numbers					
		S21Q3	S22Q1	S24Q2	S34Q2	S86Q
	generate equivalent forms of fractions, decimals,					
	and percents using real-world problems, including					
6.4(G)	problems that involve money					
0.1(0)	preorems that inverve money	S31Q1	S35Q2	S35Q3	S41Q1	S41Q
		S46Q1	S48Q2	S55Q3	S57Q1	S57Q
		S67Q2	S86Q3			
	convert units within a measurement system,					
6.4(H)	including the use of proportions and unit rates					
6.4(H)		S17Q1	S17Q3	S18Q1	S18Q2	S19Q
6.4(H)		S17Q1 S19Q3	S17Q3 S120Q1	S18Q1 S25Q3	S18Q2 S26Q2	S19Q:



	represent mathematical and real-world problems					
	involving ratios and rates using scale factors,					
6.5(A)	tables, graphs, and proportions					
		S16Q2	S16Q3	S17Q1	S42Q3	S68Q2
	solve real-world problems to find the whole given					
	a part and the percent, to find the part given the					
	whole and the percent, and to find the percent					
	given the part and the whole, including the use of					
6.5(B)	concrete and pictorial models					
		S36Q1	S36Q2	S37Q2	S41Q3	S42Q1
		S45Q3	S50Q2	S57Q3	S58Q1	S59Q2
		S59Q3	S87Q1			
	use equivalent fractions, decimals, and percents to					
6.5(C)	show equal parts of the same whole					
		S1Q1	S3Q1	S33Q1	S85Q3	S96Q3S
	identify independent and dependent					
6.6(A)	quantities from tables and graphs					
		S52Q1	S52Q2	S56Q3	S69Q3	S90Q3
	write an equation that represents the relationship					
	between independent and dependent					
6.6(B)	quantities from a table					
		S53Q1	S54Q1	S54Q2	S62Q2	s91q1
	represent a given situation using verbal					
	descriptions, tables, graphs, and equations in the					
6.6(C)	form $y = kx$ or $y = x + b$ .					
		S55Q1	S55Q2	S56Q1	S77Q2	S91Q2
		S100Q2	S104Q2	S109Q1	S110Q1	S116Q1
		S116Q2	S116Q3			
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	generate equivalent numerical expressions using order of operations, including whole number					
6.7(A)	exponents and prime factorization					
		S37Q3	S38Q1	S38Q2	S42Q2	S43Q2
		S46Q2	S47Q1	S58Q1	S60Q1	S63Q1
		S70Q3	S87Q2			
	distinguish between expressions and					
6.7(B)	equations verbally, numerically, and algebraically					
		S26Q1	S26Q3	S27Q3	S38Q3	S87Q3
	determine if two expressions are equivalent using					
6.7(C)	concrete models, pictorial models, and algebraic representations					
· /		S27Q1	S28Q1	S28Q2	S39Q1	S88Q1
	generate equivalent expressions using the					
	properties of operations: inverse, identity,					
	commutative, associative, and distributive					
6.7(D)	properties					
		S39Q2	S39Q3	S40Q1	S40Q2	S43Q3
		S46Q3	S49Q3	S53Q2	S58Q2	S59Q1
		S60Q2	S88Q2			



6.8(A)	extend previous knowledge of triangles and their properties to include the sum of angles of a triangle, the relationship between the lengths of sides and measures of angles in a triangle, and determining when three lengths form a triangle					
, ,		S61Q2	S61Q3	S80Q3	S92Q2	
6.8(B)	model area formulas for parallelograms, trapezoids, and triangles by decomposing and rearranging parts of these shapes					
		S62Q1	S62Q3	S63Q2	S72Q2	
6.8(C)	write equations that represent problems related to the area of rectangles, parallelograms, trapezoids, and triangles and volume of right rectangular prisms where dimensions are positive rational numbers					
		S64Q3	S65Q2	S67Q1	S93Q1	
6.8(D)	determine solutions for problems involving the area of rectangles, parallelograms, trapezoids, and triangles and volume of right rectangular prisms where dimensions are positive rational numbers					
		S65Q3	S66Q1	S66Q2	S77Q3	S93Q2
		S100Q3	S109Q3	S111Q1	S112Q1	S117Q1
		S117Q2				



	write one-variable, one-step equations and					
6.9(A)	inequalities to represent constraints or conditions within problems					
3.5 ()		S31Q3	S32Q1	S44Q1	S88Q3	
6.9(B)	represent solutions for one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities on number lines					
· · · · · ·	1	S48Q3	S50Q1	S53Q3	S71Q3	S90Q1
6.9(C)	write corresponding real-world problems given one-variable, one-step equations or inequalities					
		S33Q2	S33Q3	S47Q3	S61Q1	S89Q1
6.10(A)	model and solve one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities that represent problems, including geometric concepts					
	1	S34Q1	S34Q3	S44Q2	S44Q3	S45Q1
		S51Q1	S54Q3	S65Q1	S89Q2	S103Q2
		S103Q3	S114Q1			
6,10(B)	determine if the given value(s) make(s) one- variable, one-step equations or inequalities true					
0,10(D)	variable, one-step equations of inequalities true	S47Q2	S48Q1	S49Q1	S89Q3	S104Q3
6.11(A)	graph points in all four quadrants using ordered pairs of rational numbers	011 42	0.000	0.104.	333 43	0.10.1.00
, ,		S50Q3	S51Q2	S51Q3	S60Q3	S75Q2
		S90Q2	S98Q1	S98Q2	S100Q1	S104Q1
		S115Q1	S115Q2			
6.12(A)	represent numeric data graphically, including dot plots, stem-and-leaf plots, histograms, and box plots					
, ,		S69Q2	S71Q1	S71Q2	S75Q3	S95Q1
		S97Q1				



	use the graphical representation of numeric data to					
	describe the center, spread, and shape of the data					
6.12(B)	distribution					
		S67Q3	S68Q3	S69Q1	S70Q1	S94Q2
		S96Q2				
	summarize numeric data with numerical					
	summaries, including the mean and median					
	(measures of center) and the range					
	and interquartile range (IQR) (measures of					
	spread), and use these summaries to describe the					
6.12(C)	center, spread, and shape of the data distribution					
· /		S78Q1	S94Q1	S98Q3	S99Q1	S99Q2
		S101Q1	S106Q1	S115Q3	S118Q1	S118Q2
		S118Q3	S119Q1	S119Q3		
	summarize categorical data with numerical and					
	graphical summaries, including the mode, the					
	percent of values in each category (relative					
	frequency table), and the percent bar graph, and					
	use these summaries to describe the data					
6.12(D)	distribution					
		S73Q3	S74Q3	S78Q3	S96Q1	S97Q2
		S102Q1	S102Q2	S106Q2	S109Q2	S110Q2
		S120Q1				
	interpret numeric data summarized in dot plots,					
6.13(A)	stem-and-leaf plots, histograms, and box plots					
		S72Q3	S73Q2	S76Q3	S79Q2	S95Q2
		S101Q2	S101Q3	S105Q3	S113Q1	S119Q2



6.13(B)	distinguish between situations that yield data with and without variability					
(-)		S80Q1	S80Q2	S102Q3	S103Q1	
6.14(A)	compare the features and costs of a checking account and a debit card offered by different local financial institutions					
		S73Q1	S75Q1	S91Q3	S106Q3	S111Q2
6.14(B)	distinguish between debit cards and credit cards					
6.14(C)	balance a check register that includes deposits, withdrawals, and transfers					
		S74Q1	S92Q3	S107Q2	S112Q2	S120Q2
6.14(D)	explain why it is important to establish a positive credit history (not tested)					
6.14(E)	describe the information in a credit report and how long it is retained					
		S76Q2	S94Q3	S107Q3	S110Q3	S113Q2
6.14(F)	describe the value of credit reports to borrowers and to lenders					
		S78Q2	S108Q3	S111Q3	S117Q3	S120Q3
6.14(G)	explain various methods to pay for college, including through savings, grants, scholarships, student loans, and work-study					
	•	S77Q1	S95Q3	S112Q3	S113Q3	
6.14(H)	compare the annual salary of several occupations requiring various levels of post-secondary education or vocational training and calculate the effects of the different annual salaries on lifetime income					
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